MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEAL 2013 MAY -2 AM 9: 32 BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION FORM CALENDAR YEAR 2012 Public Water Supply Name

	Dist I WS ID #3 for all Community Water Bysic	mis meraded in ans ear
The Federal Safe D Consumer Confident system, this CCR mu customers upon requ of electronic deliver check all boxes that	rinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Communice Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Deper ast be mailed or delivered to the customers, published it lest. Make sure you follow the proper procedures where you wail or fax a hard copy of the apply.	ty public water system to develop and distribute a ding on the population served by the public water n a newspaper of local circulation, or provided to the n distributing the CCR. Since this is the first year CCR and Certification Form to MSDH. Please
	ere informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach co	opy of publication, water bill or other)
X	Advertisement in local paper (attach copy of a On water bills (attach copy of bill) Email message (MUST Email the message to Other	the address below)
Date(s) cus	tomers were informed: <u>5////3</u> , /	/ / /
☐ CCR was di methods us	stributed by U.S. Postal Service or other directed	t delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Maile	d/Distributed:/	
CCR was dist	As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email message	Date Emailed: / /
□ CCR was pub	olished in local newspaper. (Attach copy of publis	hed CCR or proof of publication)
Name of No	ewspaper:	
Date Publis	hed:/	
CCR was pos	ted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: <u>5' / / / /3</u>
☐ CCR was pos	ted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fol	lowing address (<u>DIRECT URL REQUIRED</u>):
public water syste the SDWA. I furth the water quality Department of Hea	at the 2012 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR m in the form and manner identified above and her certify that the information included in this monitoring data provided to the public water lith, Bureau of Public Water Supply. Service President	d that I used distribution methods allowed by CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Deliver or send via U Bureau of Public Wo P.O. Box 1700 Jackson, MS 39215	J.S. Postal Service:	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800 May be emailed to: Melanie, Yanklowski@msdh.state.ms.us

RECEIVED-WATER SUPPLY

2012 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report Cypress Creek Water Association, Inc. PWS#: 0810003 & 0810035 April 2013

2013 MAY -2 AM 9: 32

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from wells drawing from the Meridian-Upper Wilcox Aquifer and also purchases water from the Town of Coffeeville that has wells drawing from the Lower Wilcox Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identify potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the Cypress Creek Water Association and the Town of Coffeeville have received moderate susceptibility rankings to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact John W. Purdy at 662-675-2681. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Tuesday of February, May, August and November at 7:00 PM at the office located at 1662 CR 211, Coffeeville, MS.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2012. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2012, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) — The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

PWS ID#: 0810003

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Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure- ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2010*	.7	No Range	ppb	n/a	1	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
10. Barium	N.	2010*	.008	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
17. Lead	N	2009/11*	2	0	ppb	0	AL=1	5 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
19. Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	2012	.42	No Range	ppm	10	1	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	on By-Pr	oducts						
Chlorine	N 2	2012 1	.1 1	– 1.3	pm	0 MD		Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012.

	* **	- requireaj						
PWS ID#:	081003	5	,	TEST RES	ULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL		MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic (Contam	inants						
8. Arsenic	N	2010*	.8	.68	ppb	n/a	10	Erosion of natural deposits; runor from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production waste
10. Barium	N	2010*	.009	.003009	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2010*	1.3	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
14. Copper	N	2009/11*	.1	0	ppm	1.3	AL=1.3	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives
16. Fluoride**	N	2010*	.112	.11112	ppm	4	4	Erosion of natural deposits; wate additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
17. Lead	N	2009/11*	1	0	ppb	0	AL=15	Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits
Disinfection	n By-Pr	oducts						
81. HAA5	N 2	2011* 1	3 N	o Range	opb	0		Product of drinking water
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N :	2011* 1	6 N	o Range I	opb	0	80 By-	product of drinking water prination.
Chlorine	N 2	2012 1	.2 1.	- 1.4	opm	0 MRDL	= 4 Wat	ter additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2012

As you can see by the table, our system had no contaminate violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead. The Mississippi State Department of Health Public Health Laboratory offers lead testing. Please contact 601.576.7582 if you wish to have your water tested.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

*****April 1, 2013 MESSAGE FROM MSDH CONCERNING RADIOLOGICAL SAMPLING*****

In accordance with the Radionuclides Rule, all community public water supplies were requires to sample quarterly for radionuclides beginning January 2007 — December 2007. Your public water supply completed sampling by the scheduled deadline; however, during an audit of the Mississippi State Department of Health Radiological Health Laboratory, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) suspended analyses and reporting of radiological compliance samples and results until further notice. Although this was not the result of inaction by the public water supply, MSDH was required to issue a violation. This is to notify you that as of this date, your water system has completed the monitoring requirements and is now in compliance with the Radionuclides Rule. If you have any questions, please contact Karen Walters, Director of Compliance & Enforcement, Bureau of Public Water Supply, at 601.576.7518.

The Cypress Creek Water Association, Inc. works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future. We are striving to provide you water at the highest quality possible, and at the same time keep the cost to the customer as reasonable as possible. Due to the ever increasing costs of energy & supplies we make a careful study of the systems financial welfare on an annual basis. Rate increases will be made to keep the system financially sound. We appreciate your past and future cooperation.

Please note this report will not be mailed out to each customer, however you may obtain a copy from our office.

Cypress Creek Water Assoc.

1662 CR 211 Coffeeville, MS 38022

Coffeeville, MS 3	662-675-2681		
Billing Date 4/30/2013	Due Date 5/10/2013	Account Number	
Service Adr: / From: To: Consumption:	1662 CR 211 3/18/2013 4/18/2013 X 1	609030 609030	
Prior Account Bal Last Payment Late Payment Fee Residential	lance 4/9/2013	0 \$18.00 (\$18.00) \$0.00 \$18.00	
Tax Rate 0.00%	Total Taxes	\$0.00	
Total Amount I	\$18.00		

Our CCR reports for 2012 are in. We had NO violations for the entire year. You can view the report at the Coffeeville Public Library, or a copy will be delivered to you upon your request, to the office at the above address.

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A Copy of This

CCR Report is

Available pf The

Coffeexille Public

Library, As stated

on The bill Mailed